TRAVEL BUSINESS ANALYST

Markets • Marketing • Strategy

EUROPE • APRIL 2012

Market Monitor

Percentage change unless noted otherwise. Latest months listed first. Sources not shown are usually relevant principals. E=estimate, P=provisional, TBA=Travel Business Analyst.

- TBA Travel Industry Index, World: <u>2012</u>: Jan +6E. <u>2011</u>: Dec +5E; Nov +5P; Oct +4.3; Sep +6.4; Aug +4.4; Jul +6.1; Jun
- +5.3; May +5.4; Apr +11.0; Mar +3.6; Feb +4.8. TBA.
- TBA Travel Industry Index, Europe: <u>2012</u>: Jan +4E. <u>2011</u>: Dec +4E; Nov +1P; Oct +4.1; Sep +5.8; Aug +4.4; Jul +5.4; Jun +7.4; May +5.2; Apr +17.5; Mar +4.5; Feb +4.1. *TBA*.
- TBA Travel Industry Index, US: <u>2012</u>: Jan +4E. <u>2011</u>: Dec 3E; Nov +3P; Oct +1.2; Sep +4.2; Aug +1.6; Jul +1.8. *TBA*.
- World airport passengers; ttl, intl: 2011: Dec +5.0 +6.8; Nov
- +3.8 +2.9; Oct +2.5 +4.0; Sep +5.0 +6.6. ACI.
- World air traffic, RPKs: <u>2012</u>: Jan +5.5. <u>2011</u>: Dec +6.4; Nov +4.0; Oct +4.6; Sep +6.6. *IATA*.
- World hotel occupancy, pts: <u>2011</u>: Dec -1.4; Nov +0.7; Oct -0.5; Sep +3.6; Aug -1.7; Jul +2.3. *TBA*.
- World travel stocks index, on 100: <u>2012</u>: Jan 80. <u>2011</u>: Dec 74; Nov 73; Oct 73. *TBA*.
- World visitor arrivals: <u>2011</u>: Dec +3.6; Nov +2.8; Oct +2.9; Sep +5.0; Aug +4.0E; Jul +3.5E. *WTO*.
- Europe airlines international seat sales: <u>2011</u>: Dec +11.0; Nov +4.7; Oct +5.2. AEA.
- Europe airport passengers; ttl, intl: <u>2011</u>: Dec +8.1 +8.5; Nov +2.7 +2.8; Oct +3.3 +4.2; Sep +6.8 +7.8; Aug +4.4 +5.0. *ACI*.
- Europe air traffic, RPKs: <u>2012</u>: Jan +5.3. <u>2011</u>: Dec +9.8; Nov +4.9; Oct +6.4; Sep +9.2. *IATA*.
- Europe hotel occupancy, pts: <u>2011</u>: Dec -5.1; Nov +0.3; Oct +1.1; Sep +3.4; Aug -9.6. *TBA*.
- Europe hotel rooms planned: <u>2012</u>: Jan +12.4. <u>2011</u>: Dec
- +19.3; Nov +11.8; Oct NA. *Smith*.
 Europe travel stocks index, on 100: <u>2012</u>: Jan 58. <u>2011</u>: Dec 45; Nov 45; Oct 45. *TBA*.
- Europe visitor arrivals: <u>2011</u>: Dec +5.8; Nov +4.0; Oct +5.3; Sep +6.0; Aug +5.5E; Jul +5.0E. *WTO*.
- Air France-KLM seat sales (ttl, Eur/dom): <u>2012</u>: Jan +5.3 +7.3. 2011: Dec +11.7 +15.6; Nov +2.6 +3.5.
- American Airlines seat sales: <u>2012</u>: Jan +0.9. <u>2011</u>: Dec -1.8; Nov -1.0.
- Amsterdam airport passengers: <u>2011</u>: Dec +9.2; Nov + 2.1; Oct +6.8; Sep +10.2. *ACI*.
- Austria visitor arrivals: <u>2012</u>: Jan -2.2. <u>2011</u>: Dec +4.7; Nov +6.0; Oct +7.9; Sep +8.5. *Tourmis*.
- Berlin Tegel airport passengers: <u>2011</u>: Dec +17.8; Nov +6.3;
 Oct +8.2; Sep +6.0. *ACI*.
- British Airways traffic (RPKs): <u>2012</u>: Jan +6.0. <u>2011</u>: Dec
- +19.1; Nov +5.1; Oct +4.2; Sep +6.0.
- Cathay Pacific RPKs, Europe: <u>2012</u>: Jan -2.8. <u>2011</u>: Dec -2.2;

Outbound Travel

Annual update

The annual update on 2011 outbound travel (and some inbound) by research company IPK released at ITB (Internationale Tourismus Borse) in Berlin last month. Broad findings:

• World.

- 6.67bn domestic and international outbound trips, +3.7%. 750mn overnight outbound trips, +5%; 6.2bn nights, +4% (AsPac* +6%, Europe +4%, NAm* -1%). LoT (length of trip) 8.3 nights about the same in Europe and NAm, but about 7 days in AsPac.
- Spending. US\$1183bn (at US\$1 to €0.70) total, +8%; US\$1526 per trip, +3%; per night US\$184, +4%. Per trip from Europe US\$1167, AsPac US\$2404, NAm US\$1797.
- Characteristics. 53% male; average age 42 years (38 in AsPac); 71% holidays (533mn trips), 16% business, 13% others; 27% sun&beach (144mn), 22% touring, 17% city-break, 12% countryside. Before, 60-70% of travel was in July and August; now 8-month season; May-Oct 41%, Sep-Dec 39%, May-Dec 80%. 53% air (40% in Europe), 28% car, 8% bus.
- Inbound. Faster growth in certain markets caused by diversion from 'Arab Spring' north African destinations. Spain arrivals up 9%, Turkey 9%, Greece 8%.

We do not agree with this analysis. Markets mainly affected were Egypt (-33% in visitor arrivals in 2011) and Tunisia (-31%), but their volumes seem too small to have produced such big growth in those three destinations the other side of the Mediterranean.

Egypt's total was down 4.5mn, Tunisia's 2.2mn; total say 8mn. But additional visitors in those three destinations totalled 7.5mn – Greece 1.5mn, Spain 4mn, Turkey 2mn.

In addition, IPK is selective – why note only those destinations which grew fast? Did not France (+2%), Italy (+6%) also get traffic deflected from north Africa? If not, why not? IPK's explanation seems too pat.

• Outbound Europe.

- 414mn trips, +3.5%; 3.5bn nights, +3%; US\$497bn spend, +4%. LoT 8.5 nights, no change.
- Destinations: Spain 11%, then Germany, France, Italy, Austria, UK, Turkey.
- New in IPK survey is 'loyalty' measure. Top in repeat visits is Estonia with 85%, Austria 53%, then Switzerland, Germany, France.
- Germany is largest outbound market, 73mn trips +1%. Russia now 4th largest, +13%.

contd on p3

• Sun&beach +4%; touring +12%; city-break +9%.

contd on p5

MARKET OUTLOOK

Headlines

Commentary on tables

- Inbound, Outbound, and Air Passenger trends. No change this month.
- Forecasts. Germany outbound outlook; others.

Visitor arrival trends*, next 12 months Destination Number,x1000 Growth,% France 78,537 † † † † † † † 1 Spain 56,941 † † † † † † 2.8 UK 29,087 † † † † † 2.8

Notes: *Statistical base on past performance. Source: WTO, Travel Business Analyst.

Resident departure trends*, next 12 months

Source	Number,x1000	Growth,%		
France	24,297	0.0		
Germany	83,411	-1.5		
UK	48,746	-0.7		

Notes: *Statistical base on past performance; holiday and business only. Source: Eurostat, Travel Business Analyst.

Air passenger trends*, next 12 months

Market	Number,	1000	Growth,%
Francet	96,956	1111	6.5
Germany	160,357	* * * * * *	6.5
UK	188,259		4.6

Notes: *Statistical base on past performance; arrivals and departures. †Three Paris airports only. Source: Aeroports de Paris, Statistisches Bundesamt, Civil Aviation Authority, Travel Business Analyst.

Official* travel industry	foreca	sts	
Item	Date†	Forecast	Source
Germany's longhaul S12 agency bookings	Feb	+15%	GfK
Germany's longhaul '11/12 agency bookings	Feb	+11%	GfK
Germany's longhaul '11/12 online bookings	Feb	+22%	GfK
Germany's Greece S12 agency bookings	Feb	-21%	GfK
Germany's Greece S12 online bookings	Feb	-10%	GfK
Orient Express new managed hotels	Jan	1-2/yr fm '13	company
Greece visitors,'11	Jan	-2/3%	TBA
World visitors,'12	Dec	+3-4%	WTO
Spending: leisure/biz travel,'12	Dec	+6%/5%	Econ
Estonia/Latvia/Lithuania visitors	Nov	+12/15/10%,'11	BMI
UK visitors,'12	Nov	35m	BMI
UK visitor spend,'12	Nov	\$34b,+7%	BMI
World visitors,'11	Nov	+4-5%	WTO
World outbound,'11	Nov	+3-4%	ITB
Europe outbound,'11	Nov	+2-3%	ITB
Europe outbound,'12	Nov	+2-3%	ITB
NAm outbound,'11	Nov	-1%	ITB
EMEA hotel rates,mid-range,'12	Oct	+0.5-4.5%	Amex
EMEA hotel rates,upper-range,'12	Oct	+1-5%	Amex
EMEA EC air fares, shorthaul, '12	Oct	+0-4%	Amex
EMEA BC air fares, shorthaul, '12	Oct	+1-4%	Amex
EMEA EC air fares, longhaul, '12	Oct	+2.5-5%	Amex
EMEA BC air fares, longhaul, '12	Oct	+3-7%	Amex
Annual world visitors,'10-30	Oct	+3.3%	WTO
World visitors,'12	Oct	1bn	WTO
World visitors,'30	Oct	1.8bn	WTO
Europe visitor share,'10/30	Oct	51/41%	WTO
Americas visitor share, 10/30	Oct	16/14%	WTO
UK theatre tickets to tourists,Olympic	s Oct	-40%	Encore
China visitors in Europe,'15	Oct	4.5m	Hilton
China visitors in Europe,'20	Oct	8.6m	Hilton
Greece visitors,'11	Oct	+6%,-5%	BMI,TBA
Bulgaria visitors,'16	Oct	10m(9m '11)	R&M
Croatia visitors,'11	Oct	+6%	R&M
Greece cruise visitors, 2011	Sep	4.5-5m,+18%	GTAA
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Notes: All \$s are U\$\$s. †When forecast made. Source: *Management statements or documentation from relevant authority.

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- 43% is low-fare (could be low fares on, for instance, Lufthansa), +15%; 57% regular, -5%. But IPK will stop measuring a low-fare share because it says fares are getting similar. They are not. We have long criticised this IPK measure, not for the reasons IPK gives, but because the customer is unlikely to be able to 'properly' determine whether his fare is 'low fare' or not.
- Online. (See the monthly *Net Value* report, published by Travel Business Analyst.)

Outbound Germany.

- 73mn international trips, +1%; 659mn nights, +1%; US\$96bn spend, +1%. Top three destinations Austria (+2%, 16% share), Spain (+5%, 15%), Italy (+8%, 13%).
- 248mn domestic trips, +5%; 920mn nights, +1%; US\$99.7bn spend, +5%. For the first time, more spent on domestic travel than on international.

Outlook 2012.

- New presidents due this year in China, France, Russia, US. Middle East problems may lead to higher fuel costs, so cutting into travel budgets.
- Big problem for 'old world' is debts. World faces a long recession with an average growth rate of no more than 1.5%. (Contradiction in terms in that there is no recession which is generally two successive quarters in recession if growth is forecast.)
- For travel IPK has three scenarios:

-Optimistic; mini recession. Continued but modest growth in travel spending. Number of trips could increase this year and in 2013.

-Moderate. Prolonged recession in 'old world'. Would result in a 6% fall in travel spending through 2013.

- -Pessimistic. Widespread debt and banking failures across the 'old world'. Would result in a 16% fall in travel spending, and a 12% fall in trips through 2013.
- IPK forecasts 2% increase in total outbound trips; +1% for Europe, +4% AsPac, +1% NAm.
- Europe; 60% said financial crisis would not affect their travel in 2012. The share was 64% in AsPac, 54% in NAm.

*AsPac = Asia Pacific, NAm = North America.

IHIF

Updates

Some updates from the IHIF (International Hotel Investment Forum)

in Berlin last month:

- Russia. Plans to ease visa requirements for the winter Olympic games in Sochi. Budget and mid-market hotels seen as a great opportunity in secondary cities.
- Cunard says it has slowed the speed of its ships a transAtlantic trip now takes seven nights instead of six. This is more to save fuel thus costs than helping the environment.
- Cruising is 2% of global travel business. Biggest ships are now 5000 berths; in the 1990s they were 3000.

ITB

Updates

Some updates from the ITB (Internationale Tourismus Borse) in Berlin last month:

• Oktogo, Russia's leading OTA (online travel agency), on the **Russia** market:

-Outbound travel total is 36mn, of which only 10mn are to places that require visas. Spend is US\$24bn – low when the world average spend should make that closer to US\$36bn. This is an indication that either much of the 36mn is low-spend land-crossing traffic, or the data is faulty.

-Visas are an important factor. Given as example is that in 2008 Israel dropped visa requirements, and in 2009 travel Russia-Israel doubled. However, numbers are small, and a percentage doubling is not always hard.

Reports and/or Soundbites in our People-in-Travel report this month from CEOs of Carlson Hotels, WTTC.

Movenpick.

-Wants to create consistency in its brands. Until it reaches 100 hotels, expected for 2015, it does not want to make any changes to the brandname. It is not driven by growth.

-Has cluster approach for development. After opening in Thailand, it now plans six. And now it is in Paris, it has opportunities in the rest of France.

-It plans to open 15 hotels this year. 16 hotels have been moved out of the system over the past five years.

Europe

Cities count

There were mixed results in visitor traffic to (57) main cities in Europe, see table. International bednights in-

creased a good 7.0%, but three of the top-5 m a r kets were weak.

Findings include:

- The US remains the single most important source market. Even at current growth

Main source markets in city visits* in Europe, 2011

Market	No,mn	Growth,%
US	17.3	1.8
Germany	15.5	4.7
Italy	12.8	0.1
UK	12.3	-0.2
France	10.2	6.6
Spain	8.6	0.8
Russia	5.6	33.3
Japan	4.1	-1.6
China	2.1	21.7
International	193.4	7.0
Domestic	129.6	4.9
Total	323.0	6.2
Notes: *Bednig	hts from	visitors stay-

ing in all types of accommodation.

Source: European Cities Marketing.

rates, it would take Germany five years to overtake the US. According to US figures, Europe may have out-performed the total US-outbound market (down about 1%); figures for travel to Europe show growth of about 3%.

-Germany's 5% growth looks good compared with what appears to be its weak outbound market over the past 2-3 years.

-Of the main markets, Russia grew fastest, up 33%. On that basis it will overtake Spain in 2013 and France in 2014.

-Also growing fast is China. Even if that 22% looks good, it is slightly under overall growth from China that year – up 22.4%, according to PATA data.

-Although contemporary commentary indicates travellers from China are the only sizeable market from Asia, the Japan total is still higher – almost double. But Europe under-performed in this market also; Japan outbound travel increased 2% in 2011, according to PATA data.

Briefs

- Research on Russia.
- BMI, once part of The Economist group, forecast 9.4% growth in visitors in Russia in 2011, although the outcome was a much-faster 11.9%. Without giving a figure, it expects slower growth this year mainly because of a slowdown in the Eurozone an important source market.
- Research & Markets, a company, says revenue of travel companies in Russia will increase an av-

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erage annual 13.7% over 2012-16, from US\$25.3bn (at US\$1 to R29) to US\$37.9bn.

- Research on the UK, some related to the Summer Olympic Games (SOG) in London this summer.
- WTTC (World Travel & Tourism Council) says the UK's air tax (APD; Air Passenger Duty) produces US\$4.4bn (at US\$1 to £0.63) revenue but causes a loss of US\$6.7bn in visitor-related revenue for the UK.

The WTTC says the UK travel business (inbound and outbound) increased 4.1% in 2011, but forecasts a slowdown in growth to 1.3% this year. This includes the presumed advantage (in arrival counts) of staging the SOG.

- Findings from a study by research company **Forward Keys** for **Amadeus** forecasts travel to London this summer:
- -31% increase in arrivals in London in the four days before SOG.
- -Travellers originating in the US to represent 17% of scheduled arrivals, from Germany 11%.
- -European high-speed rail connections should benefit. Arrivals from Amsterdam are up 28% for the three weeks of SOG, Brussels 49%, Paris 5%.
- **BMI**, once part of The Economist group, forecasts travel to the UK will increase following this year's SOG (the amount is not clearly shown in the report, so not shown here). But in a change, R&M now forecasts

a fall this year as a percentage of GDP – from 2.08% in 2011 to 2.04% this year.

This follows earlier studies that have mostly shown an increase this year – because of the SOG. However, even though the UK economy is still weak, the travel share may not grow because the travel GDP share also includes outbound travel, which is more affected by economic growth than inbound.

Nevertheless, the R&M report forecasts travel will have increased to a 2.23% share of GDP in 2015.

- Hotel News Now says Spain's **Melia** has 38 hotel projects for 2012-14. Nearly 90% are outside Spain, but nearly half in Brazil.
- With reference to the UEFA soccer cup in **Poland** (P) and **Ukraine** (U) this June, STR Global says that before summer, hotel capacity is expected to increase: 0% in Gdnask P; 8.7% in Kiev U; 0% Poznan P; 1.7% in Warsaw P; 9.4% in Wroclaw P.

Room capacity will be below that of the past host cities such as Amsterdam, Brussels, Lisbon, Vienna. As a result, STR expects Warsaw occupancy to grow 2.4-points in June to 80.1%.

• Trip Advisor's 'Theme Park Trip Index' has put **Futuroscope** as France's best in terms of quantity/price – number of attractions visited against cost of stay. Futuroscope

prices a stay at US\$404 (at US\$1 to €0.70); a hotel stay for a family costs US\$177.

• **BMI**, once part of The Economist group, says domestic travellers in **Turkey** increased at an average annual 3.92% over 2007-11. *R&M describes this as "steady"; we say "worryingly weak"*.

BMI forecast growth in 2011 visitors of just under 10%, and the outcome was 8.7%. It forecasts a slowdown this year, but without figures.

• The business profile of the Villa Magna* hotel in Madrid has changed. After reopening in January 2009, there has been an increase in US business.

The product was changed after an 18-month refurbishment which saw the 182 room units reduced to 150; in essence, four rooms became three. The smallest room is 35sqm, which is big for Madrid.

Other changes: rack rate was US\$414 (at US\$ to $\{0.70\}$), and now it is around US\$571; 70% business share before, now 50%; 45% of bookings are domestic.

*Hyatt managed the property before refurbishment, but the contract was ended in mid-refurbishing. This is despite the fact that the owners, based in Portugal, also own the Ritz Four Seasons in Lisbon. There is no Four Seasons in Spain. Owners have a big property portfolio, but only these two hotels.



An occasional column/section/report on the travel business and the environment

Clear air

• In 2011 **Air Berlin** reduced its fuel consumption 1.5% to 3.5L per 100PKM (passenger kilometres flown). It claims this is the best in Europe. Fuel saved was 19,800 tonnes, which means 62,000 tonnes fewer CO2 emissions.

This year AB targets a further reduction, to 3.4L per 100PKM, representing 100,000 tonnes fewer CO2 emissions.

AB says a large contribution to the savings has been made by measures which provide more precise information for flight operations - such as weather, temperatures, flight path. Although commendable, it is disappointing that such great effort produces such a relatively small saving.

• Boeing delivered All Nippon Airways' first B787 using biofuels. Details are unclear, but the difference seems slight. Boeing says the fuel was made mainly from used cooking oil but CO2 emissions were only 30% less (than a non-bio flight).

In fact, the company says only 10% of the 30% reduction was due to the biofuel; 20% was due to the technology and efficiency of the B787.

• This month **Qantas** is due to operate Australia's first commercial flights powered by sustainable aviation fuel.

The Sydney-Adelaide flights, operated by an A330, will be powered by a biofuel derived from used cooking oil (split 50:50 with conventional jet fuel), and produced by SkyNRG. Its carbon footprint is put at 60% smaller than that of conventional jet fuel.

Rriofe

- Abercrombie & Kent UK says US\$20 taken from some of its tours goes straight into projects such as schools in India, or saving chimpanzees in Uganda.
- The US **FAA** (Federal Aviation Administration) is awarding US\$7.7mn in contracts to eight companies to help advance alternative, environmentally-friendly, sustainable sources for commercial jet fuel.

Nov -0.7; Oct +3.6.

- Delta Airlines seat sales: 2011: Jan +0.6; Dec -1.1.
- Dubai airport passengers: 2012: Jan +14. 2011: Dec +10.2; Nov +8.9; Oct +7.3; Sep +6.2. ACI.
- France visitor arrivals: 2011: Dec +5.5; Nov +3.2; Oct +3.5; Sep +1.4; Aug +0.1. WTO.
- Frankfurt airport passengers: 2011: Dec +12.2; Nov +4.3; Oct +2.5; Sep +4.2. ACI.
- Germany visitor arrivals: 2011: Dec +8.5; Nov +5.9; Oct +4.6; Sep +1.1; Aug +2.4; Jul +3.2. Tourmis.
- Hawaii visitor arrivals: 2012: Jan +7.4. 2011: Dec +6.3; Nov +3.6; Oct +0.2; Sep +4.7. PATA.
- Italy visitor arrivals: 2011: Dec -1.7; Nov +0.0; Oct +6.8; Sep +8.2; Aug +7.3. WTO.
- Japan Airlines seat sales Europe: 2012: Jan +3.3. 2011: Dec +1.1; Nov -7.6.
- Jet Blue Airways seat sales: 2012: Jan
- +13.0; <u>2011:</u> Dec +14.5.
- London airports international passengers; Heathrow, Stansted: 2012: Jan +3.0 -5.6. 2011: Dec +14.5 -4.2; Nov +0.6 -7.6. BAA.
- London hotels; occupancy (pts), rate: 2012: Jan +1.7 +0.7. 2011: Dec -0.1 +3.9; Nov -1.8 +1.8. TBA.
- Lufthansa seat sales (ttl, Eur/dom): 2012: Jan +4.0 +5.9. 2011: Dec +15.1 +19.5; Nov +6.4 +8.5.
- Netherlands visitor arrivals: 2011: Dec -16.1; Nov +6.0; Oct +6.9; Sep +7.8; Aug +0.0. WTO.
- Paris CDG airport passengers: <u>2011</u>: Dec +9.0; Nov +2.2; Oct +1.1; Sep +4.7. ACI.
- Paris hotels; occupancy (pts), rate: 2012: Jan -0.7 +0.4. 2011: Dec +3.7 +2.0; Nov +7.7 6.1. TBA.
- Rome FCO airport passengers: 2011: Dec +0.4; Nov -0.4; Oct +0.5; Sep +4.8.

- Ryanair seat sales: 2011: Dec -5.0; Nov -7.5; Oct +3.5; Sep +6.0; Aug +5.9.
- Southwest Airlines seat sales: 2012: Jan -2.6; 2011: Dec +0.4; Nov +1.7.
- Spain visitor arrivals: 2012: Jan +4.6. 2011: Dec +5.5; Nov +3.6; Oct +8.0; Sep +9.2. gov.
- Switzerland visitor arrivals: 2011: Dec -2.5; Nov -1.7; Oct -2.2; Sep -4.6. WTO.
- Turkey visitor arrivals: <u>2011</u>: Dec +2.6; Nov +3.4; Oct +5.0; Sep +10.8. WTO.
- UK resident departures: <u>2012</u>: Jan -5.6. 2011: Dec +15.6; Nov -1.9; Oct -1.4; Sep +4.5. gov.
- UK visitor arrivals: 2012: Jan +10.6. 2011: Dec +2.2; Nov -4.6; Oct +2.0; Sep +4.0. gov.
- United Airlines (inc CO) seat sales: 2012: Jan -4.9. 2011: Dec -3.4.
- US air international passengers: 2011: Jan-Dec +5.4E. 2010: Dec +6.8. gov.
- US hotel occupancy, pts: 2012: Jan +1.9. 2011: Nov +2.4; Oct +1.8. Smith.
- US hotel rooms planned: 2012: Jan -1.6. 2011: Dec NA; Nov +6.3; Oct -9.0;
- Sep -10.5. Smith. US resident departures: 2011: Dec +5.5;
- Nov -2.1; Oct -3.4. PATA. US travel agency sales: 2012: Jan +10.7. 2011: Dec +3.9; Nov +6.4; Oct +4.5. ARC.
- US visitor arrivals: 2011: Dec +1.1; Nov +6.8; Oct +1.0. PATA.

Market Headlines

Full-year market results.

(none)

Main News Corporate

Recent corporate developments - big or significant. (none)

Market

(none)

CURRENT ISSUES

Main contents in current issues of other Travel Business Analyst newsletters and reports:

Travel Business Analyst, Asia Pacific:

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- Outbound China.
- Airport passenger traffic.
 Plus: Market Monitor; World Travel Industry Index;
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Headlines

Comments on tables pages 6-12

Aviation.

T1. Airlines. After so-many years of advancement, AEA (the Association of European Airlines) has taken a big backward step, and stopped reporting traffic data of its members. The main objections were from private companies Alitalia and Virgin. We can understand Virgin's wish because its traffic is falling, that would lower the price it can get for a sale. Alitalia is growing (albeit after falling so long), so it should want to publicise its recovery. Our strongest condemnation, however, is reserved for AEA - which has buckled under pressure. With most of the world moving towards greater disclosure, it is sad that AEA moves the other way. Worse, we think this is the start of a decline in the importance of AEA. If it reacts to petty pressure this way, what other pressures has it given way to in its other activities? T2. First-2012-data for AEA and IATA. T3. Fullyear for all airports, most courtesy ACI. T4. First-2012data for air traffic to/from Paris, full-year for Germany and UK.

Inbound.

T14. Visitor spending updates, courtesy WTO. T15. Visitor arrivals updates, courtesy WTO.

Outbound.

T6. Outbound travel spending, courtesy WTO. T7. Outbound travel totals: no change.

Hotels.

T10. First-2012-data.

Others.

T5. Airline stocks fall, hotel's grow. **T13**. Economies bump along the bottom.

Special.

Travel's economic contribution to the general economy.

Special

Travel and the economy

To critically analyse WTTC's measures on the relationship between the travel business and the overall economy is not easy. WTTC provides three categories of travel's 'value' – direct, indirect, total. Because data in 'indirect' and thus 'total' face more challenges, we have chosen 'direct', although admittedly this is only part of the measures.

Travel's direct economic contribution, US\$bn

Item	Europe	Share*,%	NAm	Share*,%	AsPac	Share*,%	World	Share*,%
Value	613	2.8	517	2.9	554	2.6	1,973	2.8
Inbound spend	519	5.6	183	6.1	289	4.2	1,171	5.3
Outbound spend	480	NA	160	NA	239	NA	1,045	NA
Domestic spend	735	3.4	793	4.4	924	4.4	2,791	4
Leisure	997	4.6	723	4.0	919	4.4	3,057	4.4
Business	276	1.3	272	1.5	312	1.5	968	1.4

Notes: See text for explanation of some terms. In 2011. In 2011 dollars. *Of relevant sector. Source: WTTC.

Thus our WTTC data shows travel representing only a 3% share of the whole GDP, rather than the 9% (travel's 'total' value as a share of GDP) that WTTC prefers to use.

For spend on inbound travel Europe's share is nearly 6% of total exports. We have less confidence in other 'share' data, and so our final comments are on values.

Domestic spend (around US\$750bn) is much higher than inbound and outbound (both \$500bn). Leisure (\$1tn) is three times bigger than business. We would be interested to see the numerical comparisons also – which should then indicate that per-traveller, the business segment is much bigger.

1 Regular-a	airlin	e traf	fic*, 2	011/2									Low-fare traffic, 2		ie
	Mth	SS	RPK	Jan-	SS	+/-	ASK	+/-	RPK	+/-	SF	+/-	Airline		
Airline		+/-,%	+/-,%		1000	%	mn	%	mn	%	%	pts	Air Berlin	Jan 12	J-D 11
\egean	Nov	0.9	16.3	Nov	5096	3.7	7211	18.2	5003	21.0	69.4	1.6	SS,x1000	1722	31782
Air France+KLM	Jan	5.3	3.7	Dec	59513	7.8	205177	6.5	170321	7.0	83.0	0.4	Growth,%	-11.5	0.0
Europe†‡	Jan	7.3	8.1	Dec	51829	8.7	57059	8.1	42164	10.6	73.9	1.7	SF,%	75.9	78.1
Alitalia	Nov	3.4	5.2	Nov	21033	6.0	41160	5.4	29500	5.8	71.7	0.2			
Austrian	Jan	7.1	4.8	Dec	11261	3.4	24124	5.9	17792	1.7	73.8	-3.0	Easyjet	Jan 12	J-D 11
ВМІ	Dec	-0.1	3.2	Dec	5733	-7.4	10676	1.8	7160	-4.7	67.1	-4.6	SS,x1000	3729	52950
British AW	Jan	NA	6.3	Dec	NA	NA	150152	9.8	117348	10.6	78.2	NA	Growth,%	-0.4	6.5
Brussels	Nov	10.1	10.6	Nov	4884	18.3	10849	12.6	7256	18.1	66.9	3.1	SF,%	81.9	88.8
Czech	Nov	-13.9	-11.1	Nov	3706	-6.5	6126	-5.0	4350	-4.6	71.0	0.2			
innair	Nov	6.4	12.9	Nov	5693	9.9	21706	19.7	15782	14.5	72.7	-3.3	Ryanair	Jan 12	J-D 11
beria	Jan	NA	-9.3	Dec	NA	NA	63042	1.2	51268	0.1	81.3	NA	SS,x1000	4390	76422
KLM+AF	Jan	5.3	3.7	Dec	59513	7.8	205177	6.5	170321	7.0	83.0	0.4	Growth,%	-5.8	5.1
.OT-Polish	Nov	4.6	8.8	Nov	3730	10.3	7890	5.7	5882	4.3	74.5	-1.0	SF,%	71.0	82.5
.ufthansa	Jan	4.0	1.5	Dec	65458	11.1	182609	11.8	141055	8.8	77.2	-2.2			
Europe†‡	Jan	5.9	6.0	Dec	50406	12.7	55262	15.4	38513	13.9	69.7	-1.9	SS,x1000	Dec 11	YTD
SAS	Jan	5.3	0.4	Dec	27206	7.8	37003	6.8	27174	5.7	73.4	-0.7	Germanwings	508	7522
iwiss	Jan	1.4	0.6	Dec	16361	8.0	42847	9.0	34736	7.5	81.1	-1.1	Growth,%	0.6	-2.7
ΓΑΡ	Nov	5.0	9.7	Nov	8424	11.7	28594	6.1	22199	9.8	77.6	2.6			
Turkish	Jan	21.9	31.0	Dec	32649	12.1	81193	24.7	58934	22.9	72.6	-1.1		Jan 12	J-D 11
/irgin A'tic	Nov	-3.6	-3.5	Nov	4439	-1.0	40893	5.9	31975	-1.1	78.2	-5.5	Niki	180	3519
													Growth,%	-10.0	13.0
AF+KL	Jan	5.3	3.7	Dec	59513	7.8	205177	6.5	170321	7.0	83.0	0.4			
\F+KL+AZ	Nov	4.4	5.6	Nov	84018	6.8	260885	6.5	209975	6.7	80.5	0.1	Norwegian	1134	15698
BA+IB	Jan	-4.1	1.1	Dec	51687	2.1	213193	7.1	168617	7.2	79.1	NA	Growth,%	17.4	20.5
Europe‡	Jan	-0.3	-3.6	Dec	22347	5.9	36958	2.8	27583	3.5	74.6	2.3			
.H+LX	Nov	4.0	3.6	Nov	72579	10.1	181717	11.7	140616	8.8	77.4	-2.0	Southwest-A	7989	11014
.H+LX+BD+SN+C	S Nov	3.8	3.7	Nov	90966	8.8	220155	10.9	167023	7.9	75.9	-2.1	Growth,%	-2.6	2.4

Notes: See Master Notes this page. SS and SF for low-fare-airlines includes free tickets and no-shows. A = includes Air Tran from Jul 11, E = TBA estimate, pts = points. *Domestic and international. †Includes KLM for AF. ‡Includes (national) domestic. Source: airlines, Association of European Airlines, Travel Business Analyst.

Master Notes: AL = Airline, ASK = available-seat km, AW = Airways, CH = Switzerland, DE = Germany, E = TBA estimate, ES = Spain, FR = France, GB = UK, IT = Italy, J-D = January-December, LF = load factor, NA = not available, na = not applicable, NL = Netherlands, P = provisional, Pax = passenger, RPK = revenue-passenger km, Q = quarter (of year), SE = Sweden, SF = seat factor, SS = seats sold, YTD = year-to-date.

Item	Europe, AEA	١			US,BTS		Asia Pacifi	c,AAPA	World % g	rowth,IATA
	J-D	Growth,%	Sep 11	Growth,%	YTD	Growth,%	YTD	Growth,%	Jan 12	YTD
SS,mn	271.0	8.6	25.4	8.0	95.2	1.4	190.0	2.7	NA	NA
ASKs,mn	1,006,823	9.5	87,923	9.4	518,003	3.2	949,179	6.2	4.2	4.2
RPKs,mn	784,518	8.4	71,700	8.9	412,294	1.7	725,175	3.4	5.5	5.5
Pax LF,%	77.9	-0.8	81.5	-0.3	79.6	-1.1	76.4	-2.6	76.6	76.6
	Jan 12	Growth,%	Aug 11	Growth,%	Dec 11	Growth,%	Dec 11	Growth,%	Dec 11	YTD
SS,mn	19.1	5.8	26.2	5.8	7.5	-2.7	16.7	4.0	NA	NA
ASKs,mn	79,781	2.1	92,167	7.6	39,680	-3.6	84,129	5.8	7.4	8.2
RPKs,mn	59,978	5.0	76,302	7.1	31,680	-3.3	63,489	3.8	6.4	6.9
Pax LF,%	75.2	2.1	82.8	-0.4	79.8	0.3	75.5	-1.5	76.2	77.4
	Dec 11	Growth,%	Jul 11	Growth,%	Nov 11	Growth,%	Nov 11	Growth,%	Nov 11	YTD
SS,mn	20.2	11.0	27.2	8.1	6.6	-4.8	15.4	0.7	NA	NA
ASKs,mn	80,942	10.0	92,828	8.3	36,320	-5.7	78,247	5.0	5.2	8.3
RPKs,mn	61,676	10.0	78,316	8.5	28,320	-5.4	57,583	1.5	4.0	6.9
Pax LF,%	76.2	0.1	84.4	0.1	78.0	0.3	73.6	-2.6	74.6	77.5

Notes: International. *Points. Source: Association of European Airlines, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Association Of Asia Pacific Airlines, International Air Transport Association.

Airport	Month	Month	Growth,%	YTD	Growth,%	Airport	Month	Month	Growth,%	YTD	Growth,%
Amsterdam	Dec	3,541	9.2	49,755	10.0	Rome*,x2	Dec	3,023	0.6	42,393	4.0
Barcelona*	Dec	2,425	16.9	34,388	17.8	FCO	Dec	2,653	0.4	37,651	3.9
Berlin*,x2	Dec	1,793	11.1	24,034	7.7	Zurich*	Dec	1,801	4.3	24,284	6.4
TXL	Dec	1,258	17.8	16,920	12.6						
Brussels*	Dec	1,247	6.1	18,756	9.4	Europe total*	Dec	102,758	8.1	1,501,044	4.3
Copenhagen*	Dec	1,588	5.3	22,673	5.7	intl	Dec	71,257	8.5	1,086,678	4.5
Frankfurt*,x2	Dec	4,409	10.4	59,330	5.0						
FRA	Dec	4,245	12.1	56,436	6.4	Europe's 'lo	w-fare	' airport	st,x1000		
intl	Dec	3,697	11.1	49,477	6.8	Airport	Month	Month	Growth,%	YTD	Growth,%
London,x5	Dec	9,826	13.3	133,623	5.0	Berlin Schonefeld	*Dec	535	-2.0	7,114	-2.5
LHR*	Dec	5,517	14.7	69,391	5.5	Cologne*	Dec	592	-1.8	9,623	-2.3
intl	Dec	5,165	14.5	64,688	6.2	Frankfurt Hahn*	Dec	164	-21.9	2,893	-17.2
LGW*	Dec	2,271	19.7	33,668	7.3	Dublin*	Dec	1,230	10.2	18,736	1.6
Madrid*	Dec	3,625	0.7	49,644	-0.2	Geneva*	Dec	1,081	16.9	13,031	10.6
Milan*,x3	Dec	2,638	1.6	36,772	5.3	London					
MXP	Dec	1,346	-4.1	19,291	1.8	LTN*	Dec	641	10.4	9,527	8.9
Moscow*,x2	Dec	4,159	13.6	56,454	10.6	STN	Dec	1,175	-3.5	18,042	-2.8
Paris*,x3	Dec	7,115	9.3	91,800	6.4	Milan Bergamo*	Dec	618	12.2	8,417	9.7
CDG*	Dec	4,716	9.0	60,971	4.8	Rome Ciampino*	Dec	370	2.2	4,741	4.6
intl	Dec	4,285	8.3	55,675	4.8	Paris Beauvais*	Dec	258	11.6	3,691	25.8
ORY*	Dec	2,141	9.5	27,139	7.7	LFA total‡	Dec	6,665	5.1	95,816	2.7

Notes: *Domestic and international; marked when international-only. †Airports with sizeable portion of LFA traffic (some are also in main city counts). ‡Of those listed here. Source: Airports Council International, except for Amsterdam and BAA London (LHR STN).

From/to	Francet				German	у			UK				US‡			
	Jan	+/-*	J-D	+/-*	Dec	+/-*	YTD	+/-*	Dec	+/-*	YTD	+/-*	Dec	+/-*	YTD	+/-*
To/from	12	%	11	%	11	%	11	%	11	%	11	%	11	%	11	%
Belgium	7	23.3	96	17.1	111	15.7	1498	19.5	101	21.0	1233	10.0	89	-4.3	1145	2.5
France	na	na	na	na	521	16.4	7445	16.1	697	20.5	10263	6.3	440	-0.3	5971	0.9
Germany	340	8.5	4639	10.8	na	na	na	na	932	12.1	11639	4.2	713	1.7	9566	0.0
reland	51	-1.0	723	6.3	97	6.8	1363	2.9	731	13.7	9724	1.8	110	-7.5	1759	-3.0
taly	438	2.6	6184	6.4	644	-0.9	11176	6.5	620	8.6	10244	6.5	142	-18.7	2821	-0.8
Vetherlands	82	12.9	1047	6.2	252	25.8	3204	16.7	618	20.3	7519	9.4	306	-7.7	4081	-3.6
Spain	386	2.8	6282	11.9	1092	4.0	22007	5.4	1449	11.4	31472	9.6	200	3.4	3061	11.7
Switzerland	153	5.1	1756	4.3	476	10.9	5627	4.2	525	22.3	5789	10.4	152	-2.1	1965	5.8
UK	278	1.7	3864	3.4	932	12.3	11601	4.9	na	na	na	na	1288	19.2	16360	6.0
US	409	1.9	6299	5.6	711	-0.2	9872	3.9	1281	14.5	16900	6.9	na	na	na	na
Total	7115	9.3	91800	6.4	10119	6.8	151192	6.5	12175	10.5	181196	4.9	14014	na	166305	na

Notes: *Over same period, year earlier. †(Three) Paris airports; total is Dec and Jan-Dec. Source: Aeroports de Paris, Statistisches Bundesamt, Civil Aviation Authority, Department of Transportation.

Company	Market	Price, lo	cal curre	ency*		Growt	ht,%
		Dec 10	Dec 11	Jan 12	Feb 12	stock	market
Airlines							
Air France	Paris	13.6	4.0	4.9	4.4	-8.5	2.7
Easyjet	London	440	393	458	440	-4.0	1.7
IAG (BA/IB)	London	273	147	184	164	-10.8	1.7
Lufthansa	Frankfurt	16.4	9.2	11.1	10.4	-6.0	6.1
Ryanair	Dublin	3.77	3.63	4.24	4.11	-3.1	6.7
SAS	Sweden	22.5	8.0	9.0	8.1	-10.0	3.5
Hotels							
Accor	Paris	33.3	19.6	23.2	26.4	13.6	2.7
InterContinental	London	1243	1157	1335	1430	7.1	1.7
Marriott	New York	41.5	29.3	34.5	35.5	2.9	2.8
Sol Melia	Madrid	7.0	3.90	4.71	5.32	13.1	-2.7
Others							
Avis Budget	New York	237.0	11	14.6	13.0	-10.6	2.8
Carnival	New York	45.9	32.9	30.2	30.4	0.6	2.8
EADS	Paris	17.4	24.2	25.7	27.3	6.2	2.7
Eurotunnel	London	7.0	4.88	6.50	6.50	0.0	1.7
Expedia	New York	25	29.3	32.4	34.0	5.1	2.8
Fraport	Frankfurt	47.2	38.0	45.0	46.2	2.7	6.1
Kuoni	Zurich	454	225	281	293	4.3	1.1
Thomas Cook	London	190	15	13.3	24.8	86.8	1.7
TUI	Frankfurt	10.5	4.80	6.07	5.98	-1.5	6.1

Notes: See Master Notes, page 6. IAG = International Airline Group (BA and IB) from Jan 11; BA before this. *Euro in Euro countries (in table includes FR, DE, IE, ES). †Latest month over month earlier. ‡Reissue means not all prices comparable; now privately-owned. Source: respective stock markets.

6 Spendi	ng on i	foreign	travel	by resid	ents	
Source	Jan*-	US\$bn	+/-,%	Jan*-	US\$bn	+/-,%
Austria	Sep‡	9.7	-5.1	Dec	10.2	-0.3
Belgium	Sep‡	18.7	-0.3	Dec	18.8	-3.0
Czech R	Sep‡	4.3	4.5	Dec	4.1	-0.2
Denmark	Sep‡	9.5	4.5	Dec	9.1	6.2
Finland	Sep‡	4.5	8.2	Dec	4.2	2.1
France	Dec	38.5	-1.9	Dect	38.4	-1.5
	Sep‡	39.3	2.1	Dec	38.5	5.7
Germany	Dec	78.1	1.3	Dec†	81.2	-5.9
	Nov‡	80.9	3.6	Dec	78.1	1.3
Greece	Oct‡	3.0	3.7	Dec	2.9	-11.1
Hungary	Sep‡	2.4	-21.5	Dec	3.0	-15.1
Ireland	Sep‡	7.3	-5.7	Dec	7.7	-7.3
Italy	Oct‡	27.6	1.8	Dec	27.1	2.0
Luxembourg	Sep‡	3.5	1.3	Dec	3.5	3.1
Netherlands	Sep‡	19.6	-0.2	Dec	19.6	-0.2
Norway	Sep‡	15.2	10.6	Dec	13.7	9.1
Poland	Sep‡	7.1	-12.5	Dec	8.1	7.4
Portugal	Oct‡	3.9	0.7	Dec	3.9	8.9
Russia	Sep‡	32.0	20.6	Dec	26.5	26.8
Spain	Dec	17.7	4.8	Dec	16.9	-12.6
Sweden	Oct‡	16.4	-2.4	Dec	16.8	4.8
Switzerland	Sep‡	14.5	8.9	Dec	13.3	4.8
Turkey	Nov‡	4.9	1.8	Dec	4.8	16.4
UK	Dec	50.0	0.5	Dect	50.1	-13.6
	Sep‡	48.4	-3.3	Dec	50.0	0.5
Ukraine	Sep‡	4.6	24.1	Dec	3.7	12.4

Notes: Growth may not tally with previous figure shown. *2010 unless stated otherwise. †2009. ‡2011. Source: WTO.

Notes: *2010 unless stated otherwise. †2009 or ‡2011; full year, based on YTD growth rate shown.

7 Outbound	travel by	residents		
Country	Jan	Departures	Growth	
	thru*:	x1000	%	Source:
Austria-BH	Jun‡	8,493	-8.2	Eurostat
Belgium-BH	Mar‡	1,927	-2.5	Eurostat
Bulgaria-BH	Jun‡	2,281	-16.2	Eurostat
Croatia-BH	Jun‡	3,555	21.1	Eurostat
Cyprus-BH	Jun‡	495	NA	Eurostat
Czech R-BH	Mar‡	7,081	33.8	Eurostat
Denmark	Mar‡	6,384	8.7	Eurostat
Estonia-BH	Dect	754	9.0	Eurostat
Finland-BH	Jun‡	20,126	8.4	Eurostat
France-BH	Jun‡	24,308	-0.2	Eurostat
Germany-BH	Jun‡	15,808	-6.9	Eurostat
Hungary-BH	Mar‡	895	2.5	Eurostat
Ireland-BH	Dec†	5,806	-13.7	Eurostat
Italy	Dec†	17,855	-0.9	Eurostat
Lithuania-BH	Jun‡	1,737	3.9	Eurostat
Luxembourg-BH	Jun‡	774	8.0	Eurostat
Malta-BH	Mar‡	98	NA	Eurostat
Norway-BH	Mar‡	1,580	17.1	Eurostat
Poland-BH	Jun‡	14,941	-0.8	Eurostat
Portugal	Mar‡	2,260	-0.9	Eurostat
Romania-BH	Jun‡	5,677	9.6	Eurostat
Spain-BH	Mar‡	28,619	-4.2	Eurostat
Sweden-BH	Mar‡	9,148	-12.8	Eurostat
Switzerland-H	Dect	9,704	1.2	Eurostat
UK	Mar‡	24,994	-0.7	Eurostat

Notes: *2010 unless stated otherwise. †2009. ‡2011. BH = business and holiday trips only; new data from Sep 11, little of which tallies with earlier-released data, H = holiday trips only, DMO = destination marketing organisation, Ot = Other. Source: See column.

8 Internet bookings/sales of selected companies/ markets

markets					
Company/description	(same)	Period	Number	Previous	Source
Multi-Gen t'vllr	sale after email	current	23%	NA	Pref
	online community	current	37%	NA	Pref
	posted blog	current	17%	NA	Pref
	decided fm social site	current	13%	NA	Pref
US online	share	2013	40%	39% '08	PCW
	air share	2011	50%	NA	PCW
	rail share	2011	54%	NA	PCW
	accommodation share	2013	33%	29% '08	PCW
Smartphone owner	leis/biz t'vllr	current	50/75	NA	PCW
Amtrak.com	bookings via site	2013	56%	NA	PCW
Small Luxury Hotels	bookings share	2011	20%	NA	company
	revenue	2011	+71%	NA	SLH
	mobile share	2012	2-3%	NA	SLH
Online sales, '11	US travel agencies	10-Jan	-8.9%	7.0%	ARC
Supplier share	US online	2012	63%	62%	PCW
US online	biz travel	2011	\$109b	10%	PCW
Accommodation	online bookings	current	63% share	NA	ITB
Smartphone bookings	Europe,of internet	current	3% share	NA	ITB
Europe	online	2012	11%	13%	PCW/TBA
Booked travel on					
mobile	FR/DE	current	13/11%	NA	PCW
plan to do so	FR/DE/GB	2012	32/20/28%	NA	PCW
Internet via mobiles	FR/DE/GB	current	58/45/58%	NA	PCW
Vacation rentals	Europe,online	2011	\$28b	NA	PCW
Online travel growth	Europe	2012	10%	12%	PCW
Notes: See Master No	tes, page 6, and Net ${f V}$	/alue. All	\$s are US\$	s. Source: v	various.

Location	Occupa	ncy,%			Averac	ge room ra	te,			Revpar,			
		,, ,,			local	US\$*	,			US\$*			
	2012	2011	2011	2010	2011	2012	2011	2011	2010	2012	2011	2011	2010
	Mth	J-D	Mth	J-D	J-D	Mth	J-D	Mth	J-D	Mth	J-D	Mth	J-D
Amsterdam-all		73.6	56.7	71.4	185	201.34	258.56	213.44	218.96	104.52	190.32	120.95	156.25
U-4	49.3	69.0	51.5	67.5	193	194.71	269.82	223.24	222.09	96.03	186.08	114.99	149.98
5-star	54.7	78.6	62.2	74.5	177	207.80	247.89	204.67	216.64	113.69	194.89	127.38	161.36
Berlin-all	53.9	74.9	57.6	68.9	121	146.55	170.01	163.81	190.13	78.97	127.37	94.32	130.94
L-4	49.2	74.5	54.4	70.6	96	114.41	134.63	125.22	147.90	56.29	100.23	68.12	104.42
U-4	56.4	75.1	58.7	68.3	133	161.36	186.35	176.17	204.34	90.94	140.03	103.37	139.58
Brussels	NA	69.7	53.3	66.4	125	NA	174.90	165.41	154.78	NA	121.96	88.18	102.70
L-4	NA	66.6	46.2	68.7	114	NA	160.18	148.01	131.52	NA	106.71	68.32	90.34
U-4	NA	72.2	59.0	63.5	133	NA	185.64	176.17	185.61	NA	134.00	103.87	117.85
Copenhagen	NA	79.2	69.6	77.2	1046	NA	196.50	147.37	170.20	NA	155.66	102.62	131.45
Frankfurt-all	57.9	66.2	63.2	63.4	122	193.17	170.72	197.30	158.23	111.84	113.06	124.73	100.29
L-4	60.7	71.7	67.7	57.3	102	162.97	143.32	166.73	132.67	98.96	102.82	112.79	76.01
U-4	57.0	64.4	61.8	65.7	129	203.56	180.57	208.11	166.88	115.99	116.37	128.59	109.72
Geneva	60.5	67.4	61.8	64.4	343	377.04	388.34	377.49	343.12	228.00	261.71	233.21	221.13
Istanbul	NA	68.9	58.7	71.1	346	377.04 NA	205.64	165.14	222.01	NA	141.69	96.94	157.95
London-all	NA	84.3	70.8	82.7	177	NA	282.81	246.59	258.27	NA	238.48	174.54	213.59
L-4	NA	87.3	73.9	85.7	124	NA	199.05	183.07	175.51	NA	173.80	135.30	150.36
U-4	NA	81.8	64.8	78.0	209	NA	335.49	289.47	305.90	NA	274.59	187.60	238.69
	NA	79.7	69.5	76.0 79.4	358	NA	574.10	464.01	490.73	NA	457.54	322.26	389.59
5-star LHR AP		79.7 85.4		86.8	69		109.86				93.83	76.30	87.94
	NA	64.8	70.3 55.2	62.3	138	NA NA		108.49	101.32	NA NA			107.05
Madrid	NA CC 7						192.87	181.15	171.93	NA or oa	124.92	100.07	
Moscow Dorin all	66.7	76.1	76.7	75.1	4332	128.87 NA	147.55	128.82	181.67	85.92 NA	112.35	98.85	136.46
Paris-all U-4	NA	78.7 74.0	67.6	75.2	308	NA	431.57	341.33	319.15	NA	339.45	230.87	239.93
	NA		60.5	75.9	168	NA	234.61	220.29	197.56	NA	173.54	133.28	150.04
5-star	NA	80.8	71.0	77.2	367	NA	513.33	390.33	427.20	NA	414.66	277.25	329.72
CDG AP	NA	NA	NA	68.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	158.58	NA	NA	NA	108.32
Rome	NA	70.8	35.6	65.9	260	NA	363.38	296.60	238.35	NA	257.39	105.44	157.05
Vienna	NA	NA	NA	73.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	138.35	NA	NA	NA	101.21
Warsaw	NA	NA	NA 62.4	63.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	115.97	NA 150.10	NA	NA	73.30
Zurich	68.6	78.4	62.1	77.2	200	218.86	226.76	229.37	182.28	150.18	177.68	142.35	140.68
OTHERS													
Beijing	50.4	67.7	56.4	63.7	620	92.01	96.14	101.34	107.26	46.41	65.08	57.11	68.34
Dubai*	89.4	77.6	77.1	74.0	475	169.46	129.40	141.73	194.91	151.57	100.39	109.27	144.17
Los Angeles	67.6	71.7	65.1	68.0	123	125.91	123.15	120.77	116.20	85.05	88.33	85.05	79.06
Miami	79.3	75.6	74.5	70.2	153	187.55	152.95	171.51	144.13	148.71	115.65	148.71	101.19
New York	66.7	81.2	64.0	80.9	245	188.05	244.55	195.17	232.29	125.44	198.52	125.44	187.93
Sydney	80.5	83.7	82.5	84.1	207	218.33	215.46	208.64	189.32	175.75	180.32	172.09	159.19
Tokyo	58.4	62.5	62.7	70.1	21446	280.11	269.33	268.57	240.07	163.62	168.33	168.30	168.22
Europe	58.4	73.7	60.8	70.8	na	218.13	250.33	224.06	215.59	129.32	185.03	134.68	153.1
JS†	49.4	60.1	47.7	44.2	102	100.74	101.64	96.64	98.08	49.78	61.06	49.78	56.47
Asia Pacific‡	65.7	73.3	69.7	69.8	na	157.03	145.93	147.95	144.55	106.80	107.90	105.11	102.81
World	57.8	69.0	59.4	61.6	na	158.64	165.97	156.22	152.74	95.30	118.00	96.52	104.14

Notes: See Master Notes, page 6. Not all categories are shown every month; all categories available at low additional cost. Source: *Travel Business Analyst Europe, †Smith Travel Research, ‡Travel Business Analyst Asia Pacific.

Country	Locations	Growth	Net	Growth	Per	Growth
		%	sales	%	agency	%
			US\$mn*		US\$mn*	
Austria	203	-10.2	1164	3.0	5.73	14.7
Belgium‡	285	-49.7	1987	6.8	6.97	112.5
Bulgaria	191	-0.5	168	-5.6	0.88	-5.1
Croatia	84	-4.5	119	-2.8	1.42	1.8
Cyprus	146	-7.0	280	-6.5	1.92	0.5
Czech R‡	117	-47.3	620	3.6	5.30	96.5
Finland	198	-17.5	1140	2.7	5.76	24.4
France	2895	-20.3	11741	1.5	4.06	27.4
Germany	3192	-8.5	12219	7.8	3.83	17.9
Greece	812	-10.1	1436	-3.3	1.77	7.5
Hungary	215	-11.9	279	3.0	1.30	16.9
Ireland	245	-30.0	547	10.1	2.23	57.3
ltaly‡	2449	-9.6	6634	0.6	2.71	11.2
Malta	73	-3.9	60	-1.7	0.82	2.3
Netherlands	329	-1.5	3229	3.0	9.81	4.5
Nordics‡	976	-26.4	6466	7.9	6.63	46.6
Poland	258	-16.8	703	14.8	2.73	38.0
Portugal	743	-17.4	1059	-1.2	1.42	19.6
Romania‡	290	1.8	420	8.8	1.45	6.9
Russia	524	1.6	2076	38.2	3.96	36.1
Serbia‡	136	-17.1	154	0.0	1.13	20.6
Slovenia	43	-10.4	91	-1.3	2.11	10.2
Spain‡	6059	-17.8	5983	-6.8	0.99	13.4
Switzerland‡	600	-29.2	3244	17.3	5.41	65.5
Turkey	590	21.9	1092	24.6	1.85	2.2
Ukraine	352	19.7	538	22.0	1.53	1.9
UK	1441	-38.4	14196	13.9	9.85	85.0
Europe	26,229	-8.7	79,909	7.3	3.05	17.6
US	14,795	-7.1	77,453	17.7	5.24	26.7
World	51,320	-5.9	208,707	15.7	4.07	22.9

Special: Following restatements of some data by IATA (which followed queries from TBA), growth may not be compared with previous year but with previously-available data. We do not expect to learn more of these corrections. Notes: See Master Notes, page 6. World; regions listed here. IATA = International Air Transport Association. *Quoted in US\$. +Quoted the IATA billings and settlement plan. +Additional countries, in order of listing: Luxembourg, Slovakia, San Marino, (3) Baltics, Moldava, Montenegro, Andorra, Liechtenstein. Source: IATA, Airlines Reporting Corporation.

12 TBA100 travel stock indices*

Region	February 2012
Europe	59
Asia Pacific	98
Worldt	82

Notes: *Base is last trading day in December 2006. †Comprising Asia Pacific (10 stocks), Europe(12), US (8). Source: Travel Business Analyst.

13 Economic indicators of major markets in Europe, 2011

	GNP/GDP		Retail sales Consumer prices†			Wages/earnings‡			
Country	1 year	3 mths*	1 year	1 year	2012	1 year	year ago		
France	1.5 Q3	1.2	-2.0 Nov	2.5 Dec	2.3	2.2 Q3	1.8		
Germany	1.5 Q4	-0.7	1.7 Feb	2.1 Mar	2.2	0.9 Jan	2.7		
Italy	0.2 Q3	-0.6	-1.4 Oct	3.3 Dec	2.8	1.5 Nov	1.7		
Netherlands	-0.6 Q4	-2.5	0.3 Jan	2.5 Feb	2.3	1.4 Feb	1.1		
Spain	0.8 Q3	0.0	-7.0 Nov	2.4 Dec	1.8	1.2 Q3	0.2		
Switzerland	1.3 Q4	0.4	0.8 Feb	-0.9 Feb	-0.3	0.8 '10	2.1		
UK	0.8 Q4	-0.8	1.7 Nov	4.2 Dec	2.8	1.9 Nov	2.1		
Euroland	0.7 Q4	-1.2	2.1 Feb	2.7 Feb	2.4	2.6 Q4	1.6		
Others									
Japan	-0.6 Q4	-0.7	1.1 Jun	0.3 Feb	2.3	0.3 Feb	1.1		
US	1.6 Q4	3.0	3.5 Feb	2.9 Feb	2.4	1.6 Feb	2.1		

Notes: All figures are percentage changes, at annual rate. *Average of latest 3 months compared with average of previous 3 months, at annual rate. †Figures not seasonally adjusted. ‡Germany, hourly wages; Japan and UK, monthly earnings; USA, hourly earnings. Source: The Economist.

14 Visitor spending in Europe destinatio						
Destination	Jan-	US\$bn	+/-,%	Jan-	US\$bn	+/-,%
Austria	Sep‡	19.8	1.8	Dec	18.6	0.9
Belgium	Sep‡	10.8	5.4	Dec	10.3	6.0
Bulgaria	Oct‡	3.8	3.8	Dec	3.6	2.5
Cyprus	Oct‡	2.4	13.6	Dec	2.2	3.9
Estonia	Sep‡	1.2	11.2	Dec	1.1	2.5
Finland	Sep‡	3.6	25.0	Dec	2.9	8.3
France	Dec	46.6	-1.1	Dec 08	56.6	-4.6
	Sep‡	47.0	1.0	Dect	49.4	-7.9
Germany	Nov‡	36.7	5.9	Dec	34.7	5.3
Greece	Oct‡	14.0	10.0	Dec	12.7	-7.6
Iceland	Sep‡	0.7	21.2	Dec	0.6	0.4
Italy	Dec	38.8	1.4	Dec 08	45.7	-0.1
	Oct‡	41.2	6.3	Dect	40.2	-7.2
Latvia	Sep‡	0.7	13.3	Dec	0.6	-7.2
Lithuania	Sep‡	1.3	23.8	Dec	1.0	6.0
Luxemburg	Sep‡	4.3	4.4	Dec	4.1	3.9
Malta	Sep‡	1.2	11.9	Dec	1.1	28.8
Netherl'ds	Sep‡	13.7	6.5	Dec	12.9	9.6
Norway	Sep‡	4.9	3.3	Dec	4.7	8.9
Poland	Sep‡	10.6	12.0	Dec	9.4	1.3
Portugal	Oct‡	10.9	7.7	Dec	10.1	10.0
Romania	Oct‡	1.4	18.8	Dec	1.1	-2.8
Russia	Sep‡	11.4	26.8	Dec	9.0	-4.2
Serbia	Oct‡	0.9	18.2	Dec	0.8	2.9
Slovakia	Sep‡	2.3	5.2	Dec	2.2	0.6
Slovenia Spain	Nov‡	2.8 52.5	9.1 3.9	Dec Dec 08	2.6 61.6	7.3 -0.4
Spain	Dec Oct‡	57.4	9.2	Dec 08 Dec†	53.2	-0.4 -9.0
Sweden	Sep‡	11.9	7.7	Dec	11.1	1.7
Switzerl'd	Sep‡	15.0	0.2	Dec	15.0	1.5
Turkey	Nov‡	23.6 32.4	13.2 8.4	Dec Dec 00	20.8	-2.1 1.6
UK	Dec		_	Dec 08	36.0	
Ukraine	Sep‡	34.8 4.3	7.3 13.9	Dec†	30.1 3.8	-1.3 5.9
ukraine	Sep‡	4.5	13.9	Dec	5.8	5.9
Europe	Dect	411.0	-12.9	Dec 07	435.4	NA
-	Dec	431.6	5.0	Dec 08	473.7	8.8

Notes: See Master Notes, page 6. Growth may not tally with previous figure shown. *2010 unless stated otherwise. †2009. ‡2011. Source: WTO.

Notes: *2010 unless stated otherwise. †2009 and ‡2011; full year, based on YTD growth rate shown.

15 Visitor arrivals in Europe destinations

International	arrivals					
Destination	*Jan-	Arrivals	Growth	Source	Stay	PVPD
		x1000	%		days	US\$-C
Andorra	Nov‡	1,978	9.4	WTO	2.93	NA
Austria	Nov‡	23,016	4.6	WTO	5.2-F	156.17
Belgium	Sep‡	7,409	3.1	WTO	7.0-E	231.39
Bulgaria	Nov‡	6,319	4.5	WTO	2.8-F	48.39
Croatia	Nov‡	9,931	9	WTO	5.0-E	182.47
Czech R	Sep‡	6,872	8.5	WTO	2.8-F	48.39
Denmark	Oct‡	9,513	8.8	WTO	3.60	1928-V
Estonia	Nov‡	2,453	15.7	WTO	5.40	28.31
France	Dec	76,800	0.0	DMO	7.16-F	77.69
	Nov‡	78,537	1.8	WTO	7.16-F	79.23
Germany	Oct‡	28,353	5.5	WTO	6.0-E	224.53
Greece	Oct‡	16,538	10.2	WTO	14.0	20.23
Iceland	Nov‡	1,391	14.7	WTO	2.8	267.56
Italy	Dec	43,626	0.9	WTO	4.36-F	178.42
	Oct‡	46,418	6.4	WTO	4.36-F	196.89
Ireland	Dec	6,262	-12.9	WTO	11.0-F	39.06
Italy	Dec	43,626	0.9	WTO	4.36-F	178.42
	Oct‡	46,418	6.4	WTO	4.36-F	196.89



ITB & MICE in Berlin

• **ITB** Berlin is generally considered the world's best travel trade show, partly because it is the biggest.

But an analysis should be more complex. ITB Berlin (now called 'ITB Berlin' not ITB, now 'ITB Asia' is established) is actually three events – the 30 Exhibition halls, the Convention, and what we call 'Events' (presentations, press conferences, corporate meetings, etc), often in the ICC main complex.

The exhibition is not doing well – down 4% on 2010, the turn of the decade, see Table 1, although this is partly because capacity has been stuck at 160,000sqm for a decade.

As a result, the boost for the trade visitor count comes primarily from the Convention and Events. But growth is paltry – up 2% over 2010.

However, the weaker world economy - plus what we regard as the success of ITB Asia - would have slowed growth. And average annual growth since 2000 has been a comfortable 5% - which would seem to vindicate the three-in-one businessplan.

However, media attendance – an important target for Events and slightly less for the Convention – has fallen 3% this decade. This is possibly because the aforementioned economic slowdown, and the fact that the mainstream media business is in disarray-cum-decline.

ITB's Convention data is misleading. Percentage growths look spectacular; however, not only is attendance free, but many events are packed with students. We accept that these two facts are less relevant if the program content is good. We think content is variable, but the event itself is so well organised, the topics so wide and reasonably deep, volume (number of sessions) so great, that it seems curmudgeonly to criticise.

(Some commentary from Messe Berlin shown in another report on this page.)

• MICE not so nice.

General sentiment is that the MICE business in Berlin is doing well. After all, there was a 10% increase in revenue in the sector in 2011, and it produces around 25% of the capital's roomnights.

Table 1

ITB statistical profile Number Growth,% 2012 2000-12* over over 2010 2000 Exhibitors 10,644 -4.3 18.3 1.4 Trade visitors 113,006 1.9 88.3 5.4 Media 6.975 7.3 0.6 Convention 17,000 36.0 385.7† 21.8†

Notes: *Average annual rate. †Over the year it started, 2004. Source: Most columns and rows show extrapolations by Travel Business Analyst on base data from Messe Berlin.

However, we look at multi-year data. Indeed, the industry says this is the best manner as there may be big changes from one year to the next, hiding the overall development. For instance, a big medical conference this year may automatically go to another city in 2013.

Our calculations, see Table 2, indicate some good and some bad news for Berlin. The number of events has increased at an annual average of only 2% over the past 10 years. The number of participants has grown at a faster rate, nearly 9%. But they have been staying for a shorter time – average overnights per participant grew at just 1% annually.

That is part of the reason that the revenue figure has fallen. Although revenue per event has increased an average 4%, revenue per participant has fallen by that same number, 4%.

Table 2

MICE results for Berlin, 10 years

				_
Item	2011	+/-†,%	+/-‡,%	AAGR,%
Events,x1000	116	21.2	27.1	2.4
Participants,mn	9.7	30.2	131.0	8.7
Overnights,mn	6.1	50.1	166.5	10.3
Per event	52	23.9	109.6	7.7
Per participant	0.62	15.3	15.4	1.4
Revenue,US\$bn*	2.6	36.5	95.7	6.9
Per event	22	12.6	53.9	4.4
Per participant	2291	-13.5	-33.4	-4.0

Notes: AAGR = annual average growth rate (2001-11). *Converted at standard rate of US\$1 to €0.70. †Over 2006. ‡Over 2001. Source: Most columns and rows show extrapolations by Travel Business Analyst on base data from Visit Berlin.

Briefs

• CWT (Carlson Wagonlit Travel), a travel agency group, reports 2011 sales of US\$28.0bn (quoted in US\$), up 15.2%. This takes it back above the US\$27.8bn total in 2008; there was a drop in 2009, primarily because of the world financial downturn, then recovery in 2010.

CWT counted 61.9mn transactions, up 7.2%, in 2011. Regional breakdowns are not given, but CWT says transactions in EMEA (Europe, Middle East, Africa) increased 6.2%, North America 5.2%, Asia Pacific 18.5%.

- Commentary briefs on **ITB** Berlin (see report above) from Martin Buck, director of owners Messe Berlin; some follow our questions. (Our amplifications, if any, in brackets)
- On Convention content. There is more covering politics. And getting to important issues for instance there are now laws in China and the US that forbid their airlines to pay ETS. And China has said that its airlines may stop buying Airbus aircraft. We want ITB to be the platform for important matters in the travel business.
- On Convention sections. The number has grown from about three (aviation, hotels, business/future) to about 6/7. Aviation Day has changed to Mobility. (Given the feeble attendance by aviation executives outside their own aviation meetings, this may be a mistake.)
- On the (inefficient) in-site shuttle bus operation, which should be replaced by environmentally-friendly trams. There are not many shows where all exhibition halls are used.
- On why there are not more 2-deck exhibition stands. There are more, but these are difficult for exhibitors because of the regulations that cover their construction.
- On the ICC building. (This is due to be rebuilt, but it is not clear yet what will happen for ITB, as the capacity is needed for the event.)
- *On ITB Asia.* We already have a convention there Web-in-Travel and there are others. The format is not the same as ITB Berlin in terms of the conference organisation, but we are flexible.

continued from page 10

15 Visitor arrivals in Europe destinations

International	arrivals					
Destination	*Jan-	Arrivals x1000	Growth %	Source	Stay days	PVPD US\$-C
Latvia	Sep‡	1,659	20.8	WTO	5-E	61.11
Lithuania	Sep‡	1,810	20.1	WTO	6.00	15.93
Malta	Nov‡	1,411	5.9	WTO	8.40	52.70
Montenegro	Nov‡	1,200	10.3	WTO	4-E	NA
Netherlands	Sep‡	11,340	4.2	WTO	3.67-F	221.99
Norway	Nov‡	5,220	9.5	Tourmis	7-E	445-V
Poland	Dec	12,470	4.9	WTO	4.7	56.32
Portugal	Nov‡	7,411	9.7	NTO	7.0	70.73
Romania	Oct‡	1,510	12.4	WTO	3.20-F	21.16
Russia	Sep‡	22,704	12.0	WTO	3.67-F	221.99
Slovakia	Oct‡	1,460	10.0	WTO	3.60	4.17
Slovenia	Nov‡	2,035	8.9	WTO	3.12	4.84
Spain	Dec	56,044	7.3	WTO	12.7	68.78
	Dec‡	56,941	8.1	WTO	12.7	68.78
Switzerland	Jun‡	9,790	13.5	Tourmis	3.8-F	200.17
Turkey	Dec	27,000	5.9	WTO	8.0	111.68
UK	Nov‡ Dec Nov‡	29,403 30,135 29,087	8.9 7.5 2.8	WTO WTO WTO	10.1 10.1 10.1	110.11 69.41 110.11
Ukraine	Mar‡	20,800	-1.9	WTO	5-E	NA
Europe	Dec	472,745	3.4	WTO	5-E	200-Е
	Dec‡	502,826	6.0	WTO	5-E	200-E

International arrivals

City/region	Period	Number,mn	Growth,%	Stay,days	Comment	Source
Barcelona	J-Jun 11	7.3	17.2	NA	bednights	Tourmis
Berlin	J-Jun 11	4.1	9.7	2.5	overnights	DMO
Brussels	J-Jun 11	2.6	-0.1	NA	bednights	Tourmis
Copenhagen	J-Jun 11	2.4	16.8	NA	bednights	Tourmis
London	J-D 10	48.7	3.5	NA	bednights	ECM
Paris	J-May 11	3.1	3.0	NA	bednights	Tourmis
Prague	J-Jun 11	6.0	13.0	NA	bednights	Tourmis
Vienna	J-Jun 11	5.5	5.3	NA	bednights	Tourmis

Domestic arrivals

Destination	Period	Arrivals, x1000	Growth,%	Bednights, x1000	Growth,%	Source
Austria	J-Aug 11	8,066	2.0	25,806	8.0	Tourmis
Croatia	J-Aug 11	1,118	1.7	4,535	2.4	Tourmis
Denmark	J-Aug 11	NA	NA	17,824	2.5	Tourmis
Norway	J-Aug 11	NA	NA	15,595	3.1	Tourmis
Slovenia	J-Aug 11	823	3.0	2,843	-0.2	Tourmis
Switzerland	J-Aug 11	NA	NA	10,939	-0.2	Tourmis

Notes: See Master Notes, page 6. WTO changes data, so its data should always be considered provisional. Growth may not tally with previous figure shown. *2010 unless stated otherwise. †2009. ‡2011. B = Bednights. H = Nights at hotels. Source: NTO = national tourist office (or equivalent), Ot = Other, WTO = World Tourism Organization.

Notes: See Master Notes, page 6. Latest figures; ‡full year at YTD growth rate. E = Travel Business Analyst estimate (some based on statistically-incompatible measures), PVPD = per visitor per day. C = Quoted in US\$. F = In hotels. V = Per visitor. Source: As 'Source' above.

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